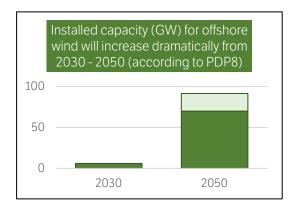
VIETNAM ENERGY TRANSITION WEEKLY UPDATE

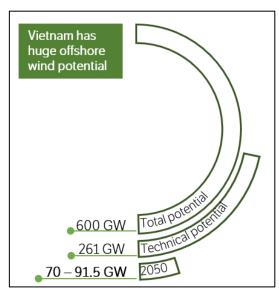
10th November 2023

Key points

E.T. update this week focuses on the offshore wind in Vietnam.

- Currently, there have been no offshore wind farms in Vietnam.
- The Power Development Plan 8
 envisages that by 2030, the country will
 reach 6 G.W. of offshore wind capacity,
 equalling 4 per cent of the total
 capacity. However, Vietnam may not
 succeed in <u>achieving</u> the target by
 2030 due to various technical and legal
 <u>constraints</u>. According to PDP8,
 Vietnam will have at least 70 GW in
 installed capacity of offshore wind by
 2050.





- Right after the PDP8 was approved,
 Orsted Denmark's largest energy
 group, suspended its business
 development activities in Vietnam
 market. This movement implies that
 offshore wind in Vietnam may look very
 competitive in the short-term. However,
 another Denmark's developer, CIP, has
 been looking to cooperate with
 Vietnamese partners on large-scale (of
 500 MW or more) offshore wind power
 projects. Also, some U.K. businesses
 are eyeing wind farm projects in
 Vietnam.
- The Prime Minister has asked that the Electricity of Vietnam (EVN) and Vietnamese enterprises develop offshore wind power on a trial basis, but the Ministry of Industry and Trade (MOIT) says there is insufficient legal foundation to do this.
- On 24 Oct 2023, Singapore's Energy Market Authority (EMA) announced that it had given tentative approval for plans to import 1.2 gigawatts (G.W.) of primarily wind-generated electricity from Vietnam. In February, PTSC (an affiliate of PVN) and Singapore's Sembcorp Utilities signed an investment cooperation agreement for energy export to Singapore from offshore renewable energy in Vietnam.

More details (see in links)

Themes	Contents
Generation	 An <u>update</u> on DPPA program is provided by the law firm Allens. A number of the program's design features have changed recently, including the addition of a private wire option.
Demand	A remote village, which is trapped between two provinces, is still living <u>without</u> electricity.
Market	 Electricity shortage is unlikely, but prices must <u>rise</u>. Starting from Thursday this week, electricity prices <u>increased</u> by 4.5% to over VND 2,000 (8.2 U.S. cents) per kWh, the second time they went up this year. Electricity prices must be market-based to <u>promote</u> investment in the energy sector. According to some experts, the subsidized electricity prices have caused a market imbalance, where power producers such as Vietnam Electricity suffer heavy losses, and the market experiences a supply shortage.
Fuel	 Petrovietmam's restructuring scheme was <u>approved</u>. The goal of the scheme is to build and develop Petrovietnam into a leading energy conglomerate in the country and the region. Petrovietnam will continue to maintain its position as Vietnam's leading supplier of various gas sources; promote oil refining, deep processing of gas products, and high- quality petroleum services; develop renewable energy, clean and new energy sources such as offshore wind power, marine energy, H2, NH3, in line with the orientations to energy transition and environmental protection.
Grid	
Planning/ others	 The European Union has <u>released</u> \$23.6 million of budget support to the Vietnamese government in the framework of the E.U Viet Nam Sustainable Energy Transition Programme (SETP). Vietnam-Denmark Green Strategic Partnership will help Vietnam <u>transition</u> from fossil reliance. Many people from EVN and MOIT were <u>arrested</u> for abuse of power, including the Director of EPC/EVN.